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MONDAY, January 15, 1951

THE JERUSALEM POST

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Column One
By David Courtney

GOOD omen has been set beside the bad. The Korean plan initiated by Israel and developed by the British Commonwealth Prime Ministers, may or may not bring negotiation and peace in the Far East; but, clearly, is more likely to do so than anything else submitted so far. What the Chinese think about it has yet to be learned. The Soviet delegation has been civil in its comments. It voted against the Resolution, but on the basis of a complaint which it is one of the purposes of the Resolution to set right. Nationalist China's objections, like those of the inconsistent Republican leader, Senator Taft, in fact emphasize the merit of the proposals and the

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THE Israel proposal gave the lead to the British Commonwealth meeting in London, which had the good sense to take it and to bring to it a deviation likely to ensure wider favour than was promised the plan in its original form. Atop this move, the Prime Ministers have called for a general conference of world leaders, this side and that of the Iron Curtain, European and Asiatic as well. The communique asking for this conference of world leaders represents the first constructive peace challenge, in terms of peace alone and not "peace through strength," issued from the West since the international conflict began to grow tense. It has the striking credit of its being a unified call from a group of independent nations, including leaders of Asian opinion, who, in the aggregate, are a power not far short of equality with each of the two main antagonists in the present world dispute. Here, if boldly followed through, is that effective Third Force upon which so many small nations, disappointingly until now, have at different times put their hopes. They will do so again, and on this occasion, perhaps, may put their faith with their hopes.

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THERE is one extraordinary uncertainty. One hopes that it will be the result of no more than a misunderstanding. What does the Foreign Office mean by its desire to make clear that France is "not necessarily excluded?" Surely the phraseology should have been that France necessarily is included. The assumption that there could be direct talks of consequence between Western leaders and the leaders of the Communist Powers without the participation of France is ridiculous and, on the bare face of it, disreputable. Aside from the plain rights of France as a European and Colonial Power is the French genius for diplomatic bridge-building and, one would have thought, the need to infuse any contemplated structure of world agreements with that French quality of enlightenment which is in contrast to the turgid prejudices that drag heavily upon the policies of both East and West.

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THERE is no good reason to suppose that either the United States or Soviet Russia are in principle against the Commonwealth proposals. One gathers that both sides are anxious to avoid war in 1951. According to highly competent observers in Washington, United States rearmament is based on the conviction that Russia cannot easily be provoked into war this side of 1953. If the U.S. Administration foresaw a 1951 war, it would be compelled immediately to introduce of 150 billion dollars military budget and to set about the mobilization of an army of 15 million men. It is evident that it has no intention of doing so. It is also the official U.S. view that Russia's military and industrial policy is still far short of a prospective 1951 campaign. There is, therefore, time to prepare not only for war in 1951 but also for effective peace. It is the Commonwealth's, and most people's, desire to use the uneasy peace of 1951 to prepare for peace; and if their desire is shown to be both genuine and verifiable, there is a fair chance that America and Russia will cooperate. That belief should be every statesman's duty.

Tel Aviv, January 13.

Aba Hushi Elected In Haifa With Mapam Support

HAIFA, Sunday.— Mr. Aba Hushi (Histadrut) was today elected Mayor of Haifa by 13 votes to 6, after the Mapam members of the Council complied with their Central Committee's instructions to support him.

The election of Mr. Hushi marked the end of six weeks of protracted negotiations.

The Council meeting—the third since its election—was opened by Mr. S. Levy, the out-going Mayor. Mr. U. Shalon (Mapai) proposed Mr. Hushi.

Mr. Levy read a letter from the Progressive Party representative, Mr. G. Kaminka, who is abroad, proposing that Mr. Levy continue in office. This proposal was supported by the General Zionists and Herut.

Voted on Instructions

The Mapam representative, Mr. M. Abzug, said that Mapam of Haifa was opposed to the election of Mr. Hushi and that they were ready to support any other Histadrut candidate. To avoid a Rightist coalition, however, the Central Committee had instructed them to vote for Mr. Hushi, and they would comply, Mr. Abzug said.

The Communist representative, Mrs. Zilla Iram, said she would support Mr. Hushi. A vote was then taken.

Mr. Levy, who abstained, thanked his supporters and told Mr. Hushi, "You have been elected Mayor; please continue the sitting."

Mr. Hushi paid tribute to the old Municipal Council, and to Mr. Levy who had governed the city for 10 years. He stressed the difficulties under which Mr. Levy had served, especially during the time of the mixed Jewish-Arab administration when much tact, patience and vigilance were needed, which Mr. Levy had shown in abundance.

Outlining his programme, Mr. Hushi favoured building more schools, transportation on the Sabbath, better housing for workers, an improved water system, construction of a stadium and a concert hall, the inclusion of Hawassah and Tel Hanan as well as some of the nearby *ma'abarot* in the Municipality, the development of the port, and the area around the Kishon estuary.

Mapam Deputy Mayor

The Council then elected Mr. J. Nussbaum (Mapam) Deputy Mayor by 11 votes to 7.

Taking the floor on behalf of the General Zionists, Mr. N. Heth described the Mapai-Mapam-Communist coalition as an "unholy alliance." He said the General Zionists would be in opposition and would support only activities in accordance with the "principles of freedom of initiative and education." Herut declared it too would be in opposition.

When he left the Municipality, Mr. Hushi was carried into the street by a group of workers.

The new Mayor was born in 1898 in Galicia, Poland. He came to this country in 1920, and first worked as a labourer in Haifa port and in the settlements. Later he occupied various positions in the Haifa Labour Council, and was its Secretary before he was elected a Knesset member in 1949.

Mr. Hushi will resign from the Knesset to devote all his time to the task of Mayor.

Suez Block On Riley Agenda

POST Diplomatic Correspondent

HAKIRYA, Sunday. — With the return to Jerusalem of General William Riley and the expected return of the Palestine Conciliation Commission next week, renewed attention is focused on the U.N. machinery designed to lead to a settlement of the problems outstanding between Israel and her neighbours.

It will be recalled that General Riley, under the terms of the Security Council resolution of last November, is to present to the Council within 90 days of the passing of the resolution, a comprehensive report on the present state of the implementation of the armistice agreements. It is therefore to be expected that the U.N. Chief of Staff will be engaged from now until the middle of February in a full survey of the existing situation for the purposes of his report.

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It is pointed out here that one of the chief problems with which General Riley will have to deal is the continued "blockade" which the Egyptian government is maintaining of the Suez Canal against goods destined for Israel. The matter is likely to come forward in a few days on an appeal by Egypt from a previous decision of the Israel-Egyptian MAC, which went against the Egyptian government.

Akaba Blockade

I learn that it is also probable that a statement will be made in the near future on the subject of the reported Egyptian attempt to impose a blockade on the Gulf of Akaba as well as at Suez. Incidentally, it can be said that no explicit confirmation of this extension of the Egyptian blockade has yet been received here.

The P.C.C. will be working in Europe not merely on the basis of its terms of reference as defined in the General Assembly Resolution of December 11, 1948, but also in accordance with the resolutions passed at the session of the Assembly just concluded. It is likely that the tactful approach will fall upon the problem of compensation.

Israel has already declared her willingness to make a contribution, on account of collective compensation, to the newly established U.N. reintegration fund, which provides for a budget of $200m. for the employment and rehabilitation of the Arab refugees. The establishment of this fund is expected to act as a spur to the work of the U.N. Relief and Works Agency, which continues from its Beirut headquarters to plan and implement projects for the refugees, principally in Jordan, Syria and the Lebanon.

No date has been set for the first formal meeting between members of these U.N. bodies and Israel official circles, but it is likely that it will be held in the course of next week.

Herzlia Elects Labour Chairman

KFAR SABA, Sunday. — The election of Mayors and Chairmen of Municipal and Local Councils was completed tonight with the election of Mr. Benzion Michaeli (Histadrut) as Chairman of the 16-member Local Council of Herzlia and neighbouring Herzlia 'B' area.

He was elected by five of the six Histadrut votes, three Mapam and one Mizrahi delegates. The unsuccessful candidate was Dr. Y. Horowitz (Progressives) who received the votes of the two General Zionists, one Progressive, one Herut, one Religious Bloc and the remaining Histadrut vote.

The three vice-Chairmen elected were Mr. Z. Rossov (Mapam), Dr. F. Krausni (Mapai), representing Herzlia 'B', and Mr. Blass (Religious Bloc).

Herzlia village is represented on the Council by 12 delegates, and Herzlia 'B' by four delegates.

Kibbutzim Fined For Profiteering

HAIFA, Sunday.— Fines ranging from IL.50 to IL.300 each were imposed by the Anti-Profiteering Tribunal here on three kibbutzim — Bet Hashitta, Maoz Hayim and Bde Eliahu — and their treasurers for the illegal sale of several tons of barley.

The fines were Bet Hashitta: IL.50, treasurer, IL.350; Maoz Hayim: IL. 200, treasurer, IL. 100, and Bde Eliahu: IL.300, treasurer, IL. 100.

The first hearing was held three months ago, but proceedings were halted when the Defence Counsel, Mr. Y. Shapiro, filed an application with the Supreme Court to quash the cases on the grounds that cooperative societies could not be brought before a Court in the same way as individuals.

The application was dismissed, and proceedings before the Tribunal were resumed.

Man Puts Head Out Of Bus, Is Killed

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Two men died in buses over the weekend, and a woman was found dead in her kitchen.

Meir Lubinsky, 30, of Jaffa, put his head out of a bus window while riding along Rehov Mea Shearim today and was killed instantly when he struck an electric pole.

On Friday, Yizhak Shifrit, 42, of Tel Aviv, collapsed suddenly in a Drom Yehuda bus and died. Also on Friday, Shifra Habibi, 45, was found dead in her kitchen in the Hatikva quarter.

Post mortems are being performed in the latter two cases.

Strike of Metal Workers Mooted

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — A threat of warning strikes in the metal industry to back demands for wage increases was implied in a communique issued by the Trades Union Department of the Histadrut tonight. The Histadrut Executive's official reply will be sent to the Manufacturers Association tomorrow.

The communique stated that the Trades Union Department had met with representatives of local Labour Councils and of the Metallurgical Section of the Trades Union to debate the refusal of the Manufacturers Association to discuss changes in the labour contracts for the industry.

Full Backing

The metal workers would receive the full backing of the Histadrut, the communique said. "It may be presumed that the National Union of Metal Workers, in cooperation with local Labour Councils, will take steps against the Manufacturers Association," it was added.

The reply of the Manufacturers Association is understood to have stated that they would not agree to enter into negotiations for automatic wage increases, but would be prepared to discuss higher wages by payment of premiums for increased output and efficiency.

NURI PASHA GOES TO JERICHO

AMMAN, Sunday (AP). — Nuri Pasha es Said, Iraq Premier, left here last night for Jericho, but called on King Abdullah at Shuneh where he and Samir Pasha Rifa'i, Jordan premier, dined in the royal palace.

He will leave Amman with Samir Pasha to attend the Arab League Council's meeting on January 25.

Emile Ghoury, the Lebanese political leader now in Amman, met Nuri Pasha before he left for Jericho.

Bomb Kills One In Iraq Synagogue

BAGHDAD, Sunday (Reuter). — One person was killed and 24 injured, some seriously, when a bomb was thrown in Masouda Shem-Tob Synagogue here today. All the victims were rushed to hospital.

The incident occurred when a number of Iraqi Jews were on their way to get a plane to Israel. Police opened an inquiry immediately.

Agency Legal Status To Be Investigated

The Jewish Agency's legal status in Israel, as regards immigration, absorption, settlement and development projects, will be investigated and suggestions on its position will be formulated by a special committee which was chosen yesterday at a meeting of the Jewish Agency Executive in Jerusalem.

Mr. I. Gruenbaum raised the question of "Hias" activities in Israel, as they relate to the Jewish Agency.

The meeting discussed problems of the United Appeals and separate drives, and appointed a committee to investigate the state of religious education in settlements absorbing immigrant children.

Arrangements on youth activities of the Jewish National Fund and Keren Hayesod activities were approved.

Mr. Berl Locker, who was in the chair, congratulated Mr. S. Z. Shragai, a member of the Executive, on his election to the Jerusalem Mayoralty.

'Pravda':-Israel To Join 4-Power Pact

MOSCOW, Sunday (AP). — "Pravda" today repeated the story in yesterday's "Red Star" that secret talks are being held by Turkey, Israel, Greece and Yugoslavia aimed at creating a Mediterranean bloc tied to the North Atlantic Pact.

Turkish and Israel denials of such talks have disappeared into the air like smoke, "Pravda" said. The "Pravda" report declared that after Mr. David Ben Gurion's trip to Greece the deputy chief of the Greek general staff was hurriedly sent to Ankara, followed by Colonel Moshe Dayan.

It hinted that they held talks with the Turkish general staff and said that conferences were simultaneously going on among Italy, Turkey and Yugoslavia along the same lines.

DAYAN NOT IN AMMAN

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — There is no truth in the report, broadcast by Damascus Radio today, that Aloof Moshe Dayan is at present in Amman in secret peace discussions with King Abdullah, a military spokesman stated here today.

City of Yongwol South of U.N. Line In Flames

TOKYO, Sunday (Reuter). — American Eighth Army H.Q. announced tonight that the town of Yongwol, 50 kms. southeast of the U.N. defence positions at Wonju, in central Korea, was burning.

The communiqué did not say whether this was the result of street fighting or bombing, but an earlier announcement had said a Communist regiment was moving southwards towards Yongwol, which lies about 15 kms. north of the 37th Parallel.

U.N. fighters and bombers flew dawn to dusk sorties today against more than 300,000 Communist troops poised for a two-pronged assault against the 200 kms. long Allied defence line. But all along the snowed-up front, action in the past 36 hours was limited to aggressive patrolling by U.N. troops.

An Eighth Army bulletin today said: "From end to end of the front this morning, the enemy was either out of contact or contained. At certain points, Eighth Army troops were ranging further north than at any other time since soon after Seoul was evacuated."

Two Chinese armies were centred around the towns of Wuwon and Osan, about 50 kms. south of Seoul and elements of four other armies were moving south towards the former South Korean capital. In the centre of the peninsula, the massive Communist build-up continued north and east of Wonju, where American, French and Dutch troops have beaten off attack after attack for the past three days.

American planes yesterday mounted about 640 flights, causing an estimated 700 Communist casualties. Invader night bombers of the Third Bombing Wing carried out some of the best night bombing and strafing of the war during the last night.

General MacArthur's H.Q. announced today that army engineers were starting to build a large airstrip somewhere in South Korea for further combat operations by fighters of the First Air Wing.

Adenauer States Conditions For W. German Aid to West

BIELEFELD, Sunday. — The West German Chancellor, Konrad Adenauer, claimed here today that all Germans stood four-square in the "Western camp for freedom." He stipulated, however, conditions which he said must be fulfilled for successful cooperation between the "West German Federal Republic" and the West.

1. All freedom-loving peoples must at once put their full political and military strength in the service of peace and safeguarding freedom.
2. The German defence contingent must be given equal status with its other partners.
3. West Germany, apart from its own contributions, must get financial aid from the allies in building her defences and to enable her also to meet her high social burdens.
4. A Big-Four conference must not be at the expense of Germany.

Slight to East

Adenauer, who was addressing a meeting of the Westphalian Christian Democratic Union, said the Germans also wished that the Allies would finally remove the "barriers of mistrust."

In Bonn, it was stated today that Adenauer will issue his reply tomorrow to the East German invitation for united German talks. He will make conditions for accepting the invitation which the Communists cannot accept. His reply will be given at a press conference and broadcast in a speech, as a deliberate slight to Otto Grotewohl, Prime Minister of East Germany, to whom a copy may, or may not be sent.

(Reuter, UP)

Peking Reply On Peace Awaited

LAKE SUCCESS, Sunday. — The United Nations today awaited Peking's reply to the five-point Korean peace plan which the Political Committee of the General Assembly decided yesterday to send to the Chinese government.

Soviet Peace Aims On Trial—McNeil

STRATFORD, England, Sunday — Mr. Hector McNeil, former British U.N. delegate, said here tonight that if the "Soviet and Chinese governments do not respond to the cease-fire proposal for Korea, the world would know they did not want peace."

He said "it would be ungenerous, irresponsible and inaccurate if we did not all acknowledge that the U.S. with other democratic peoples have travelled far to find a solution palatable to Soviet Russia and to the Government of China."

But he warned that "this spirit of conciliation should not be mistaken for weakness because it is plain that in concert we are a most considerable force."

The Moscow Press, reporting the U.N. deliberations, today, continued to stress that the only possible basis for a Korean settlement is the immediate withdrawal of all foreign troops from Korean soil.

In Paris the Foreign Minister, M. Robert Schuman, told the National Committee of the People's Republican Movement that if a forthcoming quadripartite meeting achieved nothing more than an easing of the international situation that would be an "important success."

M. Schuman insisted on the necessity of complete identity of views between London, Paris and New York. It was especially important that the United States should understand France's determination to play her role in the organization of Western defence, he said.

The plan, proposed by Israel and the British Commonwealth and accepted by 50 votes to 7 (Soviet bloc, Nationalist China and El Salvador) with the Philippines abstaining, was sent to Peking by Acting Secretary General David Owen and was expected already to be in the hands of Chou En-Lai, the Foreign Minister of the Peoples Republic of China.

A complicated procedural debate on how to transmit the peace plan to the Chinese government was solved after two hours by a vote of 45 to five with eight abstentions on a Norwegian resolution which provided for the Chairman of the Committee to hand the plan to the Secretary-General's office for transmission to Peking.

The trouble arose through the reluctance of the Arab delegation to associate themselves with a resolution sponsored by Israel. That is why, although they had opposed Mr. Eban's resolution in the debate, they voted for its five points, which had earlier been put by Mr. Lester Pearson (Canada) on behalf of the three-man truce commission.

Five Principles Approved

Immediately after the vote, Mr. Eban declared that his resolution only sought approval for the five points and then have them transmitted to Peking. "The committee has now approved the five principles. It is now only necessary for the Committee to say it will transmit them to Peking. I suggest that if the Chairman puts that suggestion to the Committee we will have completed action on the proposal I put before it."

The Egyptian delegate, Mahmoud Fawzi Bey, then attacked the Chairman for "transgressing rules of procedure." He claimed that the Asian-Arab draft resolution submitted last month should be debated first. Mohammed Fadhil al-Jamali (Iraq), said it would not be a "wise course" to send the five points as they stood to Peking.

Mr. Charles Malik (Lebanon), thought that "haste and irregularity" had been used in reaching the Committee vote and in some respects "the procedure seems quite ridiculous," but "since all of us have the cause of peace at heart, when the moment comes, the principles should be forwarded." Shortly afterwards the Norwegian motion was carried with the Russian bloc opposing and the Arab bloc, El Salvador, the Philippines and Nationalist China abstaining.

The New Delhi correspondent of the "New York Times" has reported that China has already informed the Indian government that she is willing to discuss the five points as a basis for negotiations, China made the reservation, he said, that the time-table laid out in the five points, envisaging a cease-fire as the first step, should be revised so that the Korea fighting and other questions can be taken together.

W. GERMAN-SOVIET GUN BATTLE

GOETTINGEN, Sunday, (AP). —Two West German customs officials were involved in a 20-minute gun-battle with three Soviet Zone People's policemen at the nearby Soviet Zone border today, West German authorities reported. They said that West German officials were unhurt. It was not known whether the Communist policemen suffered casualties.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

Four Commonwealth Prime Ministers discussed the problem of Kashmir at a meeting which lasted for over nine hours yesterday at Chequers, country residence of the British Prime Minister. It was learned from high sources. The Prime Ministers were Liaquat Ali Khan, Pakistan; Shri Nehru, India; and Robert Menzies, Australia.

MacArthur Must Go, Homer Bigart Says

NEW YORK, Sunday (UP).— The Pulitzer-prize war correspondent, Homer Bigart, said today that General MacArthur made a "momentous blunder" in Korea and the United States can no longer afford to "string along" with him. Mr. Bigart, who has covered the war in Korea for the "New York Herald Tribune" from the early days on the Pusan beachhead, said that MacArthur made an "unsound deployment" of his forces that helped to ensure the success of the Communist drive into South Korea.

"MacArthur has grossly miscalculated the internal strength and capabilities of forces against him." Mr. Bigart wrote in the magazine "Look." "and no nation in the spot we are in can string along with a leader whose ill-considered decisions to launch the offensive of November 24 precipitated and magnified the tragedy to the U.N. forces."

LIE IN GENEVA

GENEVA, Sunday, (AP). — The Secretary-General of the U.N., Mr. Trygve Lie, now here on a short visit while looking for a suitable site for the next Assembly, met International Red Cross officials today to discuss Red Cross aid to war victims in Korea, and the fate of Greek children evacuated to Communist countries during the civil war.

U.S. Military Chiefs Arrive in Tokyo

TOKYO, Sunday (Reuter). — Top American military leaders flew into Tokyo last night to confer with General Douglas MacArthur on expected critical decisions in the Korean war.

General MacArthur's H.Q. announced that General J. Lawton Collins, Army Chief of Staff, General Hoyt Vandenberg, Air Force Chief of Staff, Lieutenant-General Walter Bedell Smith, chief of the U.S. General Intelligence Agency and former Ambassador to Moscow, and Major General Alexander Bolling, Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, arrived "in response to a long-standing invitation from General MacArthur to get a personal briefing on the current situation."

A Defence Department spokesman in Washington said the visits were routine, but observers took it for granted that the gathering of High Command and intelligence representatives was for "something out of the ordinary."

Vietminh Troops Renew Offensive

SAIGON, Sunday (AP). — A French Army communique tonight reported a renewal of Communist-led Vietminh attacks on the line of French posts along the northern defence perimeter shielding Hanoi, north Indo-China capital. The Vietminh forces launched a series of night assaults yesterday along a 90 km. front north of Hanoi.

Three French posts came under strong attack, while several others were reported "harassed." The French communique said that protective artillery barrages resulted in the repulse of the Vietminh forces. The Vietminh hurled their heaviest assault on the post of Bacciang, about 60 kms. northwest of Hanoi. The French troops were counter-attacking in a region about 60 kms. northeast of Hanoi, where two other major Vietminh attacks occurred.

In a mopping up operation still continuing there, the French forces claim to have killed 30 Vietminh rebels and to have taken seven others prisoners.

French planes were active during the day, flying over 200 sorties. They bombed and strafed enemy bivouac areas, dispersed enemy columns in the Red River delta and Annam, and destroyed a number of Vietminh arms and stores of various kinds.

US Leans on 'Ike' For Arms Aid Success

WASHINGTON, Sunday (AP). — U.S. Administration officials are counting heavily on General Eisenhower to help get the European arms aid programme through the U.S. Congress.

President Truman will propose to Congress tomorrow the appropriation of more billions of dollars for foreign military assistance to Europe. This proposal will press towards a climax some of the main issues posed by Senator Robert Taft and ex-President Herbert Hoover in their criticisms of the Administration's aid to Europe policy.

Officials say that General Eisenhower, on his return from Europe, will unquestionably report to Congress. That General Eisenhower will support the undertaking wholeheartedly appears beyond question. This belief is based on his public statements in Europe.

Official reports to the government describes the General's tour as a success. He is now in London for talks with British government leaders.

TWELVE KILLED IN PHILADELPHIA CRASH

PHILADELPHIA, Sunday — (AP). — Twelve persons were killed today in the crash of a National Airlines D-4 at the international airport here.

The pollee said the four-engined airliner, which had flown from Newark, missed the runway at the snow-swept airport and burst into flames. The plane carried 22 passengers.

200 Pupils Attend Mission Schools in Tel Aviv-Jaffa

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Missionary education in Jaffa was discussed by Mrs. O. Kaznachel (Mapai) at the meeting of the Municipal Council here tonight.

According to Dr. Rosenbaum, about 200 Jewish children attend missionary schools, where they also receive free meals and clothes. The Municipality would not take any action against such schools, he said. Only the opening of new schools with modern equipment could divert Jewish children from the missionary schools, Dr. Rosenbaum said.

Sabbath Laws

The religious councillors claimed Sabbath laws were not observed in Jaffa. Mayor Y. Rokach said there was need of country-wide laws to make the observance of the Sabbath effective. Contraventions against existing laws are at present punishable by fines of up to IL. 10.

Mr. F. Schechter (Mapai) charged the Municipality with "driving away industries" because of the lack of facilities for prospective industrialists.

Mr. B. Cadoori, Director of Municipal Property, was asked to present a report to the next meeting of the Council.

14 Committees

Mayor Rokach proposed the establishment of 14 committees to run Municipal business composed two-thirds of Coalition members and one-third of Labour representatives.

Mr. I. Guri (Mapai) said that Labour should receive 40 per cent in the committees, and be given some chairmanships, according to the Knesset practice.

"Since the problem of missionary schools in Israel is a serious one and touches upon international agreements, the Ministry of Education and Culture, in full agreement with the Ministry for Foreign Affairs and the Ministry for Religious Affairs, has deemed it proper not to deal with the subject with undue precipitation," the Minister of Education and Culture, Mr. David Remez, said on December 11 in reply to a question by Mr. K. Kahana (Religious Bloc), according to the "Divrei Haknesset," the official parliamentary record.

The Post had reported on December 12, that Mr. Remez had told the Knesset that missionary schools were recognized schools by international laws and agreements.

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Social & Personal

The Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Moshe Sharett, called on President and Mrs. Weizmann on Friday upon his return from abroad.

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President and Mrs. Weizmann were At Home yesterday evening to Cabinet Ministers, high Government officials and other guests to take leave of Mr. and Mrs. R.H.S. Crossman who are returning to Britain tomorrow.

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Mr. William Farrer-Baynes, accompanied by his wife, arrived in Jerusalem on Wednesday to join the staff of the U.S. Consulate-General as Administrative Assistant. Mr. Farrer-Baynes served in the American Embassy in Bangkok.

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Miss Veronica Bell, the Folies Bergeres star, gave her first Israel performance last night at the Ohel Shem Hall in Tel Aviv. The show was under the auspices of Mrs. Vera Weizmann and was for the benefit of the War Invalids Fund. Among the audience was Rav-Aloof Yigael Yadin, Chief of the General Staff.

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Mrs. Helen Bentwich will speak on "The Citizen and Local Government in Britain" at the Straus Health Centre in Tel Aviv at 5 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon. Mayor Y. Rokach will preside.

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The Jerusalem branch of the Israel-American Friendship League will meet at Cafe Talpiot at 8 o'clock tonight. The League will present a series of short films at the Hatzvi Hall, Rehov Hovevei Zion, Petah Tikva, at 8.30 tonight. The Ramat Gan branch will meet at Bet Hazrach at 8 o'clock on Wednesday evening.

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ENGAGEMENT
SHALIF-JACOBS

The engagement is announced of Ruth Jacobs, B.A., Lev Merhavia, Jerusalem, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Norman M. Jacobs, of Manchester, England, to Avia Shalif, son of Mr. and Mrs. Nahum Shalif, Shchunat Hapoalim, Bet Hakerem, Jerusalem.

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FORTHCOMING MARRIAGE
SANDERS-MAINZ

The marriage will take place on Thursday, January 18, 1951, at 4 p.m. at the Shivat Zion Synagogue, 67 Ben Yehuda Rd., Tel Aviv, between Harry, son of Mrs. B. Sass-Sanders of Tel Aviv, and Lily, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Felix Mainz, of Tel Aviv. Reception at 30 Shalom Aleichem St., between 5-7 p.m.

Max Werner, Military Analyst, Dies Aged 49

Max Werner, author and commentator on military affairs, died in New York last week at the age of 49.

Mr. Werner's star rose to great heights between the years 1939 and 1945, when he published a trio of volumes analyzing the war potentialities and prospects of the great powers: The Military Strength of the Powers; The Great Offensive; Attack Can Win.

Mr. Werner was born in Kharkov, capital of the Ukraine, on Aug. 11, 1901, under the name of Aleksandr Mikhailovich Shfrin.

Economic Studies

In 1923 he left his native land for Germany via Italy to spend ten years studying and writing on assorted international economic topics. Toward the end of this time Mr. Werner turned his attention to military matters. He wrote widely on these from France after fleeing Hitler's Reich.

Critics found his favourable opinion of the Russian position shaded by bias and one at least dismissed these conclusions as "arrant nonsense." However, it was agreed that Mr. Werner had compiled a vast storehouse of information of thing at a critical time in world history.

Mr. Werner predicted the piecemeal destruction of the United Nations forces in Korea by skilfully led Communist divisions and rebuked American field officers for their tactical mistakes. On other topics he cautioned against the rearming of Germany and expressed the belief that any integrated defence force for Western Europe was a mirage. Force on the Continent, he held, must of necessity be a United States force.

N.Y.T.

The Hebrew National
OPERA
TEL AVIV: Habimah
Tomorrow, Jan. 16, 9 p.m.
HAIFA: Allenby
Thursday, Jan. 18, 9 p.m.
Faust
Opera in 5 Acts by Gounod
(1 Interval)
with RAVELLI, Alcalá
of La Scala, Milan
Conductor: A. Ginastera
TICKETS: Tel Aviv: Bialik
37 Allenby Rd., Tel. 4888
Haifa: E. Ginsberg.

The Israel Conservatoire of Music
PIANO RECITAL
in aid of the scholarship fund
Walter Hautzig
Wednesday, January 17, 1951
8.30 p.m. sharp
Works by Beethoven, Chopin, Liszt, Debussy, Schumann

AT THE CINEMA

"THAT Dangerous Age" (Edison, Jerusalem) has nothing in common with Karin Michaelis' book. Based on a play by Margaret Kennedy, and directed by Gregory Ratoff, the film is about Sir Brian Brooke (Roger Livesay), an ambitious barrister who neglects his daughter and his wife for his career. Sir Brian is ordered to take a long rest to avoid impending blindness. Michael Berkely (Richard Greene) has been having a drawn-out affair with Lady Brooke, but it is her daughter, Monica, (Peggy Cummins) who is really madly in love with him. The motif of temporary blindness brings to mind Georges Clemenceau's playlet, "The Veil of Happiness," but the general tone of the film, hinging on a piece of jewellery, is closer to Wilde's "Lady Windermere's Fan," without the sparkling dialogue, of course. But the acting is good.

Born to Paint

"WHIPLASH" (Zion), tells of a young man, born to be a painter, who becomes a prizefight champ because of his mad love for a woman. Mike Angelo (Dane Clark) falls in love with Alexis Smith, the wife of a paralysed night club owner and gym impresario (Zachary Scott). Mike, in a strange act of revenge, is prepared by his rival-in-love for the middleweight world championship. It is a tough business, and a "gang" is involved. The prize ring atmosphere of the film is both authentic and catching. As an additional feature, a parodistic cartoon, "Hollywood Canine Canteine" is shown. Last but not least, "Carmel News" has a new signature tune, less whining than the old one.

Hatfield-McCoy Feud

"ROSEANNA McCOY" (Eden) is a grand horse-opera of the Golden West, centring about a feud between the Hatfields and the McCoys. The leaders of the warring clans—Raymond Massey and Charles Bickford—are real Strindberg types. Between deadly enmity, profuse blood-letting, and deaths galore, there blossoms the romance of Roseanna McCoy (newcomer Joan Evans), the Arizona Juliet, and her Romeo Hatfield (Farley Granger). Even the kids, like Gigi Perreau, get entangled. But, after all, it's not Shakespeare. In fact, it's bad.

FRANGO

JERUSALEM CINEMAS

At 2, 6.30 & 9.30 p.m.

EDEN: The Big Hangover.
EDISON: That Dangerous Age.
ORION: Roseanna McCoy.
SEMADAR: Summer Holiday (6.30, & 9.30 p.m.).
STUDIO: Letter from an Unknown Woman.
ZION: Whiplash.

Closing of Lechfeld Camp Postponed

The closing of the Lechfeld Camp for Displaced Persons in the American Zone of Germany has been postponed until January 31 to prepare housing for its 1,628 persons in the Feldafing and Wolfratshausen Camps, the World Jewish Congress has announced.

The postponement was arranged by Mr. Geoffrey Lewis, Deputy Director of the State Department, Bureau of German Affairs, following an appeal by the Congress. The Congress had argued that since facilities at the other two camps were overtaxed, and immediate immigration to Israel was impossible, the earlier closing of the camp would leave the D.P.'s homeless.

Hebrew Studies for Newcomers Provide Needed Professionals

It is expected that the number of Hebrew seminars for immigrant professionals, known as *Ulpanim*, will be increased from the 14 currently functioning to more than 30 by the end of the year, according to Mr. J. Tarmu, Director of the Jewish Agency *Ulpanim* Section. The number of students will rise from 1,300 to between 5,000 and 6,000.

The five and one-half month courses are conducted by the Jewish Agency in conjunction with the Ministry of Education to give immigrants the Hebrew background necessary in their fields.

Students Selected

It is hoped that the courses will quickly provide vitally-needed professionals for the country. Students are chosen by a Selection Board, in which the Government, the Jewish Agency, and the Labour Exchanges are represented, according to three criteria: how essential the applicant's work is, to what degree Hebrew is needed in his work and how full is his educational background. At present, because of the shortage of teachers, educators are given top priority.

The current crop of students was chosen from 5,000 applicants. Applicants of over 55 are generally no longer accepted, and those between 18 and 35 are usually sent to kibbutzim, where like Youth Aliya groups, they work half a day and study the other half.

In Kibbutzim

The experiment with Ulpanim in the kibbutzim has been successful, according to Mr. Tarmu. At present, eight are functioning under an arrangement whereby the Jewish Agency provides living quarters, pocket money, administrative, and medical services while the kibbutz provides the food. Teachers both in the urban and rural Ulpanim are paid by the Ministry of Education.

The city Ulpanim for the most part provide room and board to the students, for which participants pay IL.15 a month, or IL.6 for the entire course. A special fund provides loans to those who cannot pay; the loans are to be repaid on easy terms beginning four months after the end of the course.

Tuition is free in all seminars, which are located in Bet Eglon and Bet Hillel in Jerusalem; Kiryat Motzkin; Safad (Mt. Canaan); Nahariya, and Tel Aviv.

Electricity Use Down, Cement Output Up

Sales of electric current by the Palestine Electric Corporation and the Jerusalem Corporation totalled 86.8m. kwh. in September and October, 1950, compared with 87.2m. in the two preceding months. The decrease is mainly due to industrial consumers who required 24.6m. kwh. against 28.5m. in July and August.

Cement output rose to 37,942 tons in November, the highest figure for 1950, after a seasonal decline to 30,160 tons in September. The October figure was 36,946 tons.

MORTGAGE BANK DIVIDENDS UP

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The Board of Directors of the General Mortgage Bank of Palestine, Ltd., will propose at the annual meeting of the company on February 11 a payment of a dividend of six and a quarter per cent on preference shares and six and a half per cent on ordinary shares, both less income tax (as against six per cent on both last year). A three per cent interim dividend has already been paid on both shares for the last year.

SHIPS IN HAIFA PORT ON SUNDAY

Pine Ridge, Hond., Rice.
St. Anthony, Br., Gen. Cargo.
Herakles, Fin., Fodder, Gen. Cargo.
Vingaland, Sw., Loads Citrus.
Siwa, Sw., Gen. Cargo, Cement.
General Rivera, Lib., Phosphate.
Palermo, Br., Cement, Gen. Cargo.
Saimore, It., Wood.
Yaffo, Is., Gen. Cargo.
Kotka, Fin., Cars, Sugar.
Venetian, Br., Gen. Cargo.
Hadar, Is., Compl. Unloading.
Commodore Grant, Br., Gen. Cargo.
Ascona, Hond., Sea-Grass.
San Antonio, It., Carobs.

ANCHORED IN HAIFA BAY

Southern Island — British
Borealis — Danish
Sargeland — Swedish
Sulfuri — Turkish

DEPARTURES IN PAST 48 HRS.

San Michele — Italian
Letitia — Italian
Komemiut — Israel

SHIPS EXPECTED

Date	Ship	Cargo
14	Kara	Cattle.
14	Hellenic Chrisoula	Gen. Cargo.
15	Tornasfjall	Gen. Cargo, Mail.
15	Abbazia	Passengers, Gen. Cargo.
16	Italona	Mixed Cargo.
17	Aslasund	Frozen Fish.
19	Fandango	Frozen Fish.
20	San	Beans, Paraffin, Gen. Cargo, Wood.

SHIPS IN TEL AVIV PORT ON SUNDAY

Exxylona, Iron. Gen. Cargo.

SHIPS EXPECTED

Date	Ship	Cargo
15	Tilia Gorthon	(in Jaffa) loading Citrus.

Geneva Banknote Rates

GENEVA, Jan. 9 (A.P.).—The following are today's banknote quotations in Swiss francs:

United States (dollar)	4.28
Great Britain (pound)	10.33
France (100 fr.)	1.07
West. Germany (100 mk.)	76.75
Belgium (100 fr.)	8.25
Holland (100 guilders)	103.50
Sweden (100 kronor)	65.50
Italy (100 lire)	0.60
Austria (100 sch.)	12.70
Czechoslovakia (100 cr.)	1.00
Denmark (100 kr.)	42.50
Norway (100 kr.)	42.50
Egypt (Eg. pound)	10.60
Israel (Isr. pound)	5.25
Palestine (Pal. pound)	7.75
Spain (100 pesetas)	8.12½
Portugal (100 escudos)	14.50
Argentina (100 pesos)	24.50
Brazil (100 cruzeiros)	13.30
Turkey (Turk. pound)	1.12

STOCK MARKET
TEL AVIV

JAN. 15.	Buyers	Sellers
Government Loans		
2% due 31.12.58	99½	100½
Pop. 42-49 (IL.10)	99½	100½
ditto (IL.20)	99½	100½
Bk. Leumi Le'Israel		
"A" Ord. Sh.	155	—
7% Nat. Loan 1949/53 (IL.10)	123	124
(large)	1283	1294
A.P.B. Invest.		
4% Debs. 50/70	97½	98½
4% Debs. 51/71	97½	98½
4% Debs. 60/72	98½	99½
4½% Pref. Shares	97½	98½
Gen. Mortg. Bk.		
4% Debs. 43/63	93½	93½
4% Debs. 49/64	93½	94½
4% Debs. 50/65	91½	92½
4% Debs. 55/60	92½	93½
6% Pref. Shares	107	108
Ord. Shares	108½	109½
Discount Bank		
4% 48/63	93½	94½
4½% 52/65 reg.	91	92
Mer. Ltd.		
4% Debs. 37/51	97½	—
4% Debs. 39/55	71½	98½
5% Pref. Shares	79½	80½
4% Pref. Shares	72½	73½
4½% Pref. 5th reg.	73	74
Pass. Debs.		
4% 42/62	88	89
4% 40/64	88½	89½
Isra. Ltd.		
5% Debs. 40/61	93½	99½
P.L.D.C.		
6% Pref. Shares	108½	109½
Ord. Shares	150	—
Afr.-Pal. Inv.		
Ord. Shares	125	—
Rassco		
4% Debs. 41/55	96½	97½a)
4% Debs. 47/62	91	—
4% Debs. 56/63	84½	85½
Mort.-Sav. Bk.		
5% Debs. 59/69	96½	97½
Potash	—	16/6
6% Pref. Shares	16/-	16/9
Pal. Electric		
Ord. Sh. (Ldn.)	30/-	30/9
Israel Issue	32/-	—
Isr. Electric		
Ord. Sh. (Ldn.)	19/9	—
Mekoroth Ltd.		
5% Pref. Sh.	81	82
Ata		
4% "B" Pref. Sh.	103½	104½
4% "C" Pref. Sh.	102½	103½
Ord. Sh. "B" reg.	127½	128½
Koor		
5½% Pref. Sh. reg.	85½	86½
S.A. Shayan		
Ord. Shares	99½	100½
Pal. Ctr. Trade		
5% Pref. Shares	81	82
Mercabbir Fin.		
4½% Debs. 47/63	96	97
"Atid" Navig.	78½	79½
5% Debs. 50/60		
Pal. Bonded Bd.		
Ser. 1	10.300	10.300
Ser. 2, 3	10.275	10.275

Note: a) ex coupon:

STATE OF ISRAEL

Notices to the Public

COURSE FOR INSTRUCTORS IN COOKING AND HOUSE-KEEPING

The Section of Auxiliary Services of the Ministry of Education and the Nutritional Guidance Institute of the Ministry of Agriculture announce a course for the training of cooking and housekeeping teachers which will open in Jerusalem on February 1, 1951. The course will last six (6) months. Candidates aged 25-38 years of age, should submit applications, education certificates, the period of time they have worked in the profession and curriculum vitae by January 20 to the Schools Auxiliary Services Department, Ministry of Education, P.O.B. 7061, Jerusalem, or to the Nutritional Guidance Institute of the Ministry of Agriculture, P.O.B. 1231, Jerusalem.

Applications of candidates having secondary school education will be considered. Priority will be given to candidates with a higher education as well as those with teaching and professional experience.

Final examinations will be held under the two departments at the close of the course.

Tuition fee, including examination fee, is IL.23.

TO ANTIQUITY DEALERS

Notice is hereby given to dealers in antiquities that their licences will expire on January 20, 1951 and that they should renew same during the month of January.

Expiring licences and IL.5 should be included in the application for renewal to the Director of the Department of Antiquities, P.O.B. 586, Jerusalem.

Dealers who have no licences at all should apply forthwith to the Department of Antiquities.

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF ANTIQUITIES.

WANTED IN JERUSALEM
Junior
BOOKKEEPER
knowledge of Hebrew and English essential. Apply: B.L., P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

GENTLEMAN, GOING TO MEXICO
shortly would like to take commissions and representations. Serious offers only to: P.O.B. 2748, Tel Aviv.

WANTED
intelligent woman, speaking English and Hebrew, to take care of household of small family. Two children of school and kindergarten age. Sleeping in possible. Apply to "Mikol Kol" Shop, 48 Montefiore St., Tel Aviv.

4-Roomed LUXURY FLAT
in Jerusalem offered in immediate exchange for 3-roomed flat in new building Tel Aviv or Ramat Gan.
Write: P.O.Box 703, JERUSALEM.

BUILDING COMPANY
seeks
1) first-class experienced BOOKKEEPER,
2) first-class experienced CORRESPONDENT-TYPIST.
Knowledge of Hebrew essential. English or German desirable. Detailed applications, with curriculum vitae and salary required, to be addressed to P.O.B. 1008, Tel Aviv.

FOR THE EXPORT OFFICE OF AN IMPORTANT INDUSTRIAL FIRM
WANTED
CAPABLE CLERK—CORRESPONDENT
in English (Hebrew desirable).
Apply in writing only to P.O.B. 630, Haifa.

WANTED
SMALL CAR
Please send detailed offer with price to P.O.B. 1870, TEL AVIV.

WANTED
by large factory in the Mechanical and Electrical field:
1. **Production Manager:** must be **Electro-Mechanical Engineer**, possibly high-school graduate, experienced in factory management and organization.
2. **Works Manager** (Labour supervisor), acquainted with all kinds of metal working machinery, steel construction, etc.,
3. **Young Electrical Engineers**, for technical office, production supervision, testing laboratory etc.

Applications in one of the following languages: Hebrew, English, French or German, with curriculum vitae; language — written and spoken; technical education; references; to be addressed to: No. 7946, Ettlinger's Advertising, P.O.B. 911, Tel Aviv.

Where to Go

JERUSALEM

9-1; 2-5: Prints from the Bliel Collection; also other recent acquisitions; Exhibit of the Month: Japanese Colour Woodcut; Bezalel Museum.

10-1; 4-7: Water Colours by Joseph Kossonogi; also Permanent Exhibition by Jerusalem Artists, Artists' House.

TEL AVIV

3-8: Gouaches by Hilahu Sigard and Hanukka Lamps; Tel Aviv Museum.

8 p.m.: "Partudim," Chamber Theatre; Mograbi Hall.

8.30 p.m.: "Crossword No. 12;" Li-La-Lo; Jasha Heifetz Hall.

HAIFA

9 a.m.-5.30 p.m.: Theological and Scientific Library, Central Synagogue Bldg., Rehov Gilad.

10-1; 4-6: Municipal Museum, 2 Hassan Shukri Street.

SUPREME COURT CASES TODAY

Before Justices Cheshin, Agranat and Witkin: (H.C.7/51): S. Lerner (rep. by Rosenberg) v. Execution Officer, T.A. & Others. (H.C.147/50): M. Binder (rep. by Charaiak) v. Chief of Immigrations Dept., Israel Police & Others.

Before Justices Olshan, Cheshin and Sussman: (Cr.A.12/50): A. Fischel (rep. by Tendler(sic)) v. Attorney General. (Cr.A.105/50): Y. Friedman (rep. by Adavi) v. Attorney General.

WIRELESS PROGRAMMES

TEL AVIV: 48.5, 31.3 & 220 M.; JERUSALEM: 407 M.; HAIFA: 249 M.

NEWS: Hebrew: 7 a.m., 1.30 p.m., 6, 8.30 and 10.25 p.m.; English: 2 and 10.15 p.m.; Arabic Programme (including News): 9 a.m., 2.15 and 7.15 p.m.; French: 3 p.m., 6.30 p.m. Servus. 6.35 Rhythm. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.15 Melodies. 7.45 Oriental Music (R). 8.50 Close Down.

10 a.m. Morning Concert (R). 10.30 Music of the Future (R). 11.00 Concert Hall: Capriccio for Piano & Orchestra (Stravinsky); Symphony No. 5 (Prokofieff). 12.00 A Break for Music (R). 12.30 Programme for Hospitals. 1.00 Soldiers' Programme. 1.55 Housewives' Corner. 2.15 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. Programme for Youth. 4.30 Oriental Music: R. Aharon. 4.55 Piano Recital: Magda Aloni. 5.00 Variety (R). 5.30 Talk by R. Cheyenger. 5.40 Interlude. 5.50 Agricultural Corner. 6.15 "Echoes of the Week," by D. Sher. 6.30 Children's Hour. 7.00 "From Worker to Worker" Talk. 7.05 Bible Reading. 7.40 Sephardi Programme. 8.45 Weekly Talmud Lesson: Rabbi A. Herzel (Jerusalem). 8.45 Shepherd (Tel Aviv). 9.15 Piano Recital: Doreen Shefield. 9.45 Israel Songs (R). 10.30 Recital: Sonia Person & Moshe Lustig. 11.30 Israel Songs (R). 11.45 Close Down.

Broadcasts' Hour (39.3 M.): 7.00 p.m. Yiddish; 7.20 p.m. Ladino; 7.40 p.m. French.

Kol Zion Lagola (32.2 M.): 12.00 M. Newsreel. 12.15 Viola Recital: Gideon Rehr. 12.30 Around the Settlements: Dan & Dafna.

U.S.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (31.22 and 50.92 M.): 6.30 News. 6.40 News Talk. 6.45 Review of the Weekly British Press.

ARMY PROGRAMMES (215, 224, & 64 M.): 4.30 p.m. Programme Announcements. 4.33 Classical Request Programme. 7.30 Today's Events. 7.35 Weekly Interview, by D. Rivlin. 7.50 Interlude. 8.00 Soldiers' Programme. 8.30 News. 8.40 Interlude. 8.45 Army Quiz. 9.15 Dance Music. 10.00 Close Down.

PRESS ACCLAIM
World renowned singer of Folk songs
ISA KREMER
Isa Kremer is the most marvellous interpreter of folk music of all peoples and I greet her as a sign of deep admiration and gratitude.
— Albert Einstein, Berlin.
All the joy, sorrow, tragedy and simple happiness of domestic life passes, living before your eyes during her interpretation. The more you hear her, the more she becomes her songs, the more you feel their very soul, the strongest is her hypnotic spell. Isa Kremer is indeed a woman with an inborn charm, an artist with a ray of genius.
Abraham Cahan, N.Y. Jewish Forward
Simple because in the hands of this lovely artist, real stories of life and life genuinely told. Isa Kremer interprets music.
Theodore Hearts, New York Telegraph

CLOSE CHAMPIONSHIP RACE

By Jim Chambers, A.P. Sports Correspondent

As a result of the English League soccer games on Saturday, with Tottenham Hotspur losing and Arsenal gaining a good win over Middlesbrough only one point separates the three top sides in the First Division. Spurs retain the lead with 35 points, having a better goal average than Middlesbrough, also with 36 points, with Arsenal in third spot, 35 points.

Tottenham played brilliant soccer despite losing 2-1 to Manchester United, who had far more punch near the goal. Ed Baily netted for Spurs following good work by Les Medley on the wing, but the United soon equalised when Jack Carey, full back, took advantage of the wind to lob the ball into the crowded goal where it was bundled over the line by Birch. Manchester's winning goal was scored by Jack Rowley, one time England centre-forward, playing at outside left, with a beautiful dash along the line, a cut in and fine drive that went home all the way.

Arsenal in trouncing Middlesbrough 3-1 showed no signs of leg weariness after their Cup replay against Carlisle United. Inside-left Reg Lewis cracked in two of the goals. Even before the usually prolific Middlesbrough attack was thrown out of gear by a bad injury to inside left Alex McCrae, the famed Arsenal defence was well on top. The "Wolves" and Blackpool, two strong Cup final fancies, fought out a real thriller, the former scoring an early goal through inside left Walker. But Blackpool settled down and played good soccer with Stan Mortensen, at centre-forward, in sparkling form. Stan saved the game with a last-minute goal from a pass by inside-left Brown.

Good Chelsea Win

Chelsea gained some useful anti-relegation points with a deserved 2-1 win over Newcastle United. Reg Williams returned after a long bout of injury to the left wing position and ran rings around the "Tynesiders" defence. From his openings 17-year-old centre-forward Bob Smith smacked in two goals. Charlton Athletic also picked up some welcome points, when they edged bottom-of-the-League Sheffield Wednesday. Charlton's winner was scored by 6 ft. 2" Hans Jeppson, the Swedish Centre-forward who has just signed amateur forms for them.

In a couple of upsets, Liverpool beat Derby County as Scottish winger Billy Liddell scored the vital goal nine minutes from the end, and Huddersfield Town edged the sound Burnley team 1-0. England centre-forward Nat Lofthouse played well in helping Bolton Wanderers to surprise Sunderland 3-1. Preston North End went to the top of the Second Division as they beat Birmingham 1-0 in a sparkling game.

RESULTS:
ENGLISH LEAGUE
Division I

Arsenal	3	Middlesbro'	1
Aston V.	3	Fulham	0
Burnley	0	Huddersfield	1
Charlton	3	Sheffield W.	1
Chelsea	2	Newcastle	1
Derby C.	1	Liverpool	2
Everton	0	Stoke C.	3
Man. U.	2	Tottenham	1
Portsmouth	2	West Brom.	2
Sunderland	1	Bolton W.	2
Wolves	1	Blackpool	1

Division II

Bury	1	Cardiff	2
Chesterfield	1	Man. C.	2
Doncaster	2	Hull C.	4
Leeds U.	5	Southampton	2
Luton T.	1	Barnsley	1
Notts. C.	3	Grimsby T.	2
Preston N.E.	1	Birmingham	0
Q.P.R.	3	Coventry C.	1
Sheffield U.	2	Leicester	1
Swansea	2	Brentford	1
West Ham	2	Blackburn	2

Division III (South)

Bournemouth	3	Walsall	1
Brighton	2	Colchester	1
Bristol C.	3	Millwall	1
Crystal P.	1	Bristol R.	0
Exeter	0	Layton O.	0
Gillingham	3	Watford	1
Newport	2	Swindon	1
N'hampton	1	Torquay	0
Norwich	2	Aldershot	2
Port V.	1	Notts. F.	1
Reading	4	Plymouth	0
Southend	1	Ipswich	0

Division III (North)

Bradford	3	Accrington	0
Crewe A.	2	N. Brighton	0
Darlington	7	Lincoln	1
Gateshead	2	Bradford C.	0
Halifax T.	3	Chester	1
Hartlepools	1	Rochdale	0
Mansfield T.	1	Rotherham	1
Oldham	1	Carlisle	1
Scunthorpe	1	Barrow	0
Stockport	2	Shrewsbury	0
Tranmere	4	Southport	0
Wrexham	4	York C.	3

SCOTTISH LEAGUE
Division A

Celtic	3	Aberdeen	4
Hibernian	3	Motherwell	1

Airdrie vs. Hearts; E. Fife vs. Falkirk; Partick v. Morton; St. Mirren vs. Raith Rovers; Th. Lanark vs. Rangers, postponed.

Division B

Dumbarton	2	Ayr U.	0
Kilmarnock	3	Queens Park	4
Stirling A.	2	Cowdenb'th	4

Dunfermline vs. Dundee U.; Forfar vs. Alloa Ath.; Hamilton Acc. vs. Queen of the South; Stenhousemuir vs. Albion R.; and St. Johnstone vs. Arbroath, postponed.

Jack Solomons is trying to match Laurent D'Authille, French middleweight, against Randolph Turpin, coloured British middleweight champion, for his February 27 show in London.

Fenerbache Hold Admira

Istanbul's Fenerbache soccer side played a scoreless return match against Austria's Admira before more than 18,000 spectators on Sunday. It was a thrill-packed game throughout in which the hosts lost several opportunities of scoring. Admira beat Fenerbache 1-0 on December 23.

The same day Yugoslavia's Sarajevo XI beat Galatasaray of Istanbul, 3-1, after honours had been even at one-all at the change-over.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Assuta, 13 King George, 4872; Rehovot, Bocharian quarter, 4738.

TEL AVIV: British, 17 Allenby, [illegible]; Assuta, 25 King George, 3250; Yoz-Resnick, 7 Ahad Ha'am, 3278; Gilead, 192 Dizengoff, 4264; Rubovich, 32 1st St., Jaffa, 80550; Ahivson, Rehov Jerusalem, Ramat Gan; Dr. Fisherman, Nahlat Itzhak, opp. Bilolth Factory.

HAIFA: Assuta, 42 Herzl, 2708; New British, 47 Jaffa, 4725; Bialik, Kiryat Bialik, 7250.

Shortly
LUIGI INFANTINO

PAUL DRAPER
world's greatest tap dancer
LARRY ADLER
world's greatest Harmonica Virtuoso
HABIMAH HALL, TEL AVIV,
Wednesday, 17.1.51, at 8.30 p.m.
Tributes from the Press:
— "There is a performance that has everything and their audience has the time of its life" — "Washington Star"
— "There is no better entertainment than these two" — "Denver Post"
— There is no question of their popularity — the two-man show filled the Civic Opera House as full as do opera and ballet troupes" — "Daily News," Chicago.
— "This was a big enough event completely to fill the Philharmonic. Adler attained new heights of virtuosity — Draper, there is no one quite like him in the dancing field" — "Mr. Emcee," Los Angeles.
Tickets: VALIN Theatre Office, 1 Ben Yehuda Road, Tel. 4883, ROBERT, Radio Union, 116 Dizengoff Street.

HBU HBU

HOLLANDSCHE BANK-UNIE N.V., AMSTERDAM

BALANCE SHEET AS AT JULY 1, 1950

LIABILITIES		
Capital	F.	10.000.000.00
Reserve Fund		10.000.000.00
Bills advised to us		3.504.259.94
Bills accepted by third parties		47.382.23
Deposits		116.632.981.43
Creditors		285.945.599.20
Guarantees given on account of Customers		17.351.583.81
Unclaimed Dividends		27.893.96
	F.	444.109.130.17
ASSETS		
Cash in Hand, State Banks and Call Money	F.	105.155.638.98
Treasury Paper		59.813.702.50
Banks and Bankers		94.184.395.21
Bills receivable		34.607.536.61
Reimbursement credits		47.382.23
Debtors		141.060.516.37
Sight and Short Term advances on Bonds and Shares		5.972.947.11
Liability of Customers on account of Guarantees given		17.351.583.81
Investments in Securities:		
Officially quoted at Amsterdam	F. 1.081.919.48	
Officially quoted on Foreign Stock Exchanges	2.417.867.53	
Not officially quoted	1.—	
		3.499.787.99
Syndicates and Participations		39.500.—
Premises		1.899.500.—
	F.	444.109.130.17

Guests in Israel

are cordially invited to visit the Tourist Department

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of the Histadrut Vaad Hapoel Bldg., Tel. 4224, 118 Allenby Rd. Tel Aviv

All services and facilities for visiting the Country and Institutions.

Today's POST BAG

THE WEATHER

	°A	B	C	D
Mt. Canaan	58	6	14	11
Nathanya	48	13	22	20
Haifa	48	13	22	20
Lydda Airport	44	13	22	20
Jerusalem	37	11	19	16
Beersheba	30	10	22	20

Forecast: Haze with variable cloud cover; moderate to fresh winds will cause local thunderstorms in the Negev.

A) Humidity at 3 pm, yesterday
B) Minimum temp. yesterday.
C) Maximum temp. yesterday.
D) Maxim. temp. expected today

* * *

Approximately IL.300 in contraband goods was confiscated from a French tourist after a customs' inspection on Friday afternoon at Lydda Airport. Two hundred and fifty onyxes were found hidden in a toy elephant in her bag, and six pairs of nylon stockings and a length of woollen cloth were discovered on her person. She was detained, but later released on bail.

* * *

An automatic telephone exchange was opened at Kiryat Shmoneh (Khalsa) yesterday, and will serve 34 Upper Galilee settlements. Mr. Y. Ben Menahem, of the G.P.O., dialled the first call to Kfar Giladi. The District Council inscribed the Minister of Communications and the Kiryat Shmoneh postal employees in the Jewish National Fund Golden Book.

* * *

A Ball will be held by the Society for Crippled Children on Saturday night at the King David Hotel in Jerusalem. Proceeds will be used to furnish the new hospital for crippled and paralyzed children in the Katamon quarter of Jerusalem. Tickets are available at the Society's office at 3 Rehov Ben Yehuda, Jerusalem.

Ration News

JERUSALEM — Chicken: distribution to ill persons.
TEL AVIV AND DISTRICT — Chicken: distribution to ill persons in zones 7, 8, 500 grams, ends Wednesday; in villages, 750 grams, Het-Aleph 3; 600 grams, Het Bet 3; 500 grams; Het Dalet 3. Potatoes: 3 kilos, Tav 251, visitors, 39; tourists, 18, distribution ends Jan. 23.

Mandatory Bond Drawings Delayed

POST Reporter

About 15,000 prizes, ranging from IL.20 to IL.10,000, will be awarded next month at the drawings of the Palestine Bearer Bonds, it was learned yesterday.

Scheduled to have been held today, the Ministry of Finance postponed it until certain legal difficulties are overcome. The Knesset must pass legislation authorizing the drawings and payments.

The technical difficulties in preparing the drawings were "tremendous," a Finance Ministry spokesman told *The Post*. Following the agreement reached about a year ago in London that Israel would assume responsiblity for payment of the bonds, they were registered. Tickets for the drawing had to be printed and a special drum was built to hold the tickets.

Progress Slow

As there was only a limited number of personnel assigned to this work and the Israel Popular Loans were being prepared, progress was slow. But everything was ready last month when the legal problems arose.

The bonds were issued in four series and cost IL.10 each. Three of the issues were for LP.3m. while the fourth was for LP.5m. Next month's drawing will cover the period from May 15, 1948 to the date of the drawing.

Dollar Shops For Tourists

Hamashbir Hamerkazi in Jerusalem will set up a department store for tourists in the premises of Cafe Tiferet in Zion Square, which has been sold and will close its doors on Wednesday evening.

An assortment of merchandise will be sold to tourists for foreign currency. It also is intended to sell imported foodstuffs not now available in Israel.

Final plans are still being worked out between Hamashbir and various Government departments to determine the exact items to be sold, and the procedure for sales.

"Dollar Shops" for tourists will also be opened in about two months' time in Tel Aviv and Haifa. The Tel Aviv store will be on Allenby Road.

Mrs. Gottlieb Leaves with Son Half Hour Ahead of Police

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Within 24 hours of being reunited with her son, Mrs. Rachel Gottlieb and four-year-old Dov left by air for Cyprus en route to London on Friday night. Half an hour after her departure, Lydda Airport police received instructions by telephone to prevent her leaving the country with the child.

The instructions were based on a last-minute order by the District Court here, where a claim for custody of the child has been pending since last May. The mother had been awarded custody in England, and soon thereafter, the father took the boy to Israel, and hid him.

When Mrs. Gottlieb received a Supreme Court ruling in Jerusalem recently, ordering Dr. Gottlieb to return the child, he refused to obey, choosing to go to prison instead.

Dr. Gottlieb had already filed a separate custody case in Tel Aviv, which has not yet been heard due to the large backlog of pending litigation.

Immediately after the child had been found, and before he was taken to Mrs. Gottlieb in Tel Aviv on Thursday night, Dr. Gottlieb's attorney requested the District Court here to prevent the mother from leaving the country with the child. Two judges refused, however, to rule in the request without the mother being present.

Could Not Be Found

According to Dr. Gottlieb's attorney, she could not be found, and it was not until late on Friday that an injunction was issued *ex-parte*.

This morning, Mr. Asher Levitzky, Mrs. Gottlieb's attorney, appeared in the District Court in answer to a summons to show cause why an injunction preventing Mrs. Gottlieb leaving the country should not be issued. He informed the Court that he had heard of Mrs. Gottlieb's departure, and the hearing was therefore cancelled.

According to Mr. A. Divon, who appeared for Dr. Gottlieb, the custody case will be pressed despite Mrs. Gottlieb's departure.

Court Accepts Second Mizrahi Statement

The Jerusalem District Court yesterday rejected the plea by Yaakov Mizrahi that the statement he made to the police implicating himself in the murder of Haim Hendler was extracted from him by force. The Court last week supported a similar plea by his brother, Yitzhak.

The three-man tribunal ruled that the statement be admitted. Read by the police in court it recapitulated the description of the murder outlined by the prosecution at the opening of the trial. Yaakov told the police that he shot Hendler when the latter tried to "escape" from the defendant's apartment. The accused said that he and his brother threw the body down a well and washed away the bloodspots in the house.

Six Months' Jail For Manslaughter

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — In two traffic accident cases of manslaughter here today, the District Court sentenced an ambulance driver to six months' imprisonment, while the Magistrate's Court acquitted a bus driver.

In the first case, Shabetai Wax, 25, of Hadera, was found guilty of causing the death of a pedestrian, Mr. Moshe Alman, 30, of Gat Rimon. The accident, which also injured another pedestrian, occurred at the Lydda-Petah Tikva cross-roads a year ago.

Boy Cyclist Killed

In the second case, Eliezer Noyovitch, a Drom Yehuda bus driver, was acquitted of causing the death of an eight-year-old boy cyclist, who crashed into the back of Noyovitch's bus in Holon 16 months ago. The Court found that the bus had not cut in front of the boy, as the prosecution had charged.

In addition, evidence was presented that the bicycle's brakes were not functioning, and that the boy, Avraham Sinai, had been riding it from the side with one foot under the cross-bar, as the cycle was too big for him.

Refineries to Pay Arabs who Fled

HAIFA, Sunday. — The Haifa Refineries' administration intends to pay outstanding wages to about 1,000 Arab employees, who fled from Haifa at the beginning of the War of Liberation, and were unable to collect their monthly pay, it is learned here.

Payment is to be effected with the consent of the Israel Government.

Anti-T.B. Workers May Strike Today

HAIFA, Sunday. — The employees of the Israel Anti-Tuberculosis League may strike tomorrow if the League does not comply with the decision of the Government Labour Relations Department to pay higher salaries retroactively as of October, 1949.

A strike was to have been called on January 3, but was averted following the proposals of the League's administration to arbitrate the matter before the Government Labour Department. The latter rejected the League's demand for arbitration, but the employees claim that no arrangement has yet been made for granting the retroactive payment.

Two Years in Jail for Housebreaking

Yohanan Zakai, 20, was sentenced to two years' imprisonment yesterday by the Jerusalem District Court, after pleading guilty to housebreaking.

He is also appearing as a State's witness in a preliminary inquiry into the alleged murder of Yehuda Cohen by one of his companions, David Ezra.

Zakai admitted yesterday that on the night of November 17, he and his two friends broke into three stores in the Bokharian quarter of Jerusalem. He said that an argument broke out among the three and Ezra told Zakai that he "would fix" Cohen.

In one shop, Zakai acted as guard while the other two entered a shop. Zakai said he then head two shots and that Ezra emerged and said: "I fixed him." Cohen's body was found in the shop on the next day. The inquiry will be resumed on January 23.

Zaki Hamdi, of Acre, was given a two year prison sentence by the Haifa District Court yesterday for burglary.

Accuse Doctor Of Atrocities

TEL AVIV, Sunday, (ITIM). —Three former concentration camp inmates told the Magistrate's Court here today of murder, cruelties, and perversions allegedly committed by Dr. Yehoshua Sternberg, of Hadera, who is accused of war crimes while serving as a doctor in a Polish concentration camp during 1943-1944.

Two of the witnesses, Mr. Haim Sandarovitz, 48, and Mr. Zvi Zuckerman, 36, both of Hadera, told of discovering the accused in Hadera last year. They claimed that Dr. Sternberg refused medical treatment to seriously ill inmates who, as a result, were sent to the gas chambers.

He had beaten others whom he accused of simulating illness, the witnesses said. According to Mr. Sandarovitz, the accused had once murdered two prisoners by injections, one of them for complaining against the accused.

The hearing will be resumed on Tuesday.

800 LEAVE POLAND

A group of 800 immigrants left Warsaw for Venice on Friday en route for Israel, according to information received by the Ministry of Immigration. Another 400 immigrants are expected to leave Warsaw for Israel on January 29.

CYPRUS PRESS ASKS PLEBISCITE

By Shaho Gusbenlian, POST Correspondent

NICOSIA, Sunday.— Britain was "officially invited" to organize a plebiscite in Cyprus on the question of unity with Greece by the left and right wing Greek newspapers today, the first anniversary of the Church-organized "Union with Greece" plebiscite.

Reminding Britain that the Greek government now intends to take up the Enosis demand at the next meeting of the U.N. General Assembly, the papers say this is Britain's last chance "to hand the island to Greece honourably. Otherwise she will have to face the accusing finger of 59 United Nations."

INSURANCE POLICIES

The "Hassneh" Insurance Company of Israel, Ltd., received IL.450,000 in life premium payments during 1950 and not IL.4.5m., as reported last week.

Iron stakes, reportedly valued at about IL.180 were stolen on Friday night from alongside the railroad tracks between the Ofrek Colony and the Baka'a quarter in Jerusalem.

ONLY
NATOL
AGAINST
COLD FLU

DEATH TRAGEDY TELECAST

CHICAGO, Sunday (Reuter) — Televiewers from Chicago to the East Coast watched on their screens a fire and explosion in which three people, believed to be firemen, died here on Friday. The blaze was in a block of offices and threatened the merchandise of the world's largest commercial office building.

TITO FAVOURS NEUTRALITY

ROME, Sunday (Reuter). — Marshal Tito of Yugoslavia yesterday told the National Italian News Agency, ANSA, that it was "perfectly logical" that independent Socialist forces in Europe could still function as a third force between the two opposing blocs of East and West.

"The viewpoint of Socialist Yugoslavia is that relations between our country and the Socialist countries in a concrete sense of the word are such as to represent really a force in international relations for the consolidation of world peace" he said in an interview with the Ansa correspondent in Belgrade.

Marshal Tito denied categorically that any attempts made in European countries to form independent or national Communist movements had been inspired by Yugoslav leaders. "Those movements are the result of crises in the various Communist parties," he declared.

He told the correspondent that relations between Yugoslavia and Italy had been improving and "will improve even more if the leaders of both countries turn their full efforts to this object."

Trieste Problem

He said he thought the Trieste problem was "not yet ripe for settlement" and that "in view of the present world situation it would not be suitable to undertake settlement of this question."

The Italian correspondent asked the Marshal whether he agreed with an article in the Yugoslav Review of Political Studies which claimed that the Italian Communist leader, Palmiro Togliatti, and his French counterpart, Maurice Thorez, had been called to Moscow because their parties had not strictly followed orders from Moscow.

He replied: "I never claim anything which I am not 100 per cent sure. I could make hypotheses but I could not confirm anything. I can only say there is something in that journey that is not very clear."

Persian Finance Minister Resigns

TEHERAN, Sunday (Reuter). — Persian Finance Minister Gholam Hussein Foruhar resigned last night. He defended the proposed oil agreement with the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company which opposition in the Majlis (Lower House) forced the government to withdraw last month.

The government of Mr. Ali Razmara withdrew the bill for ratification on December 20, after a commission appointed by the Majlis had reported unfavourably on the agreement. The report stated that "the agreement proposed did not sufficiently safeguard the rights of the Persian nation."

Koch Verdict Today

AUGSBURG, Sunday (Reuter) — Ilse Koch will learn tomorrow afternoon the verdict of the German court which has been trying her here since November 27 on charges of murder and instigation to murder in the Buchenwald concentration camp.

'Flu Epidemic Hits Europe

LONDON, Sunday (Reuter). — The two-week-old epidemic of influenza, now sweeping the British Isles is said to be approaching the magnitude of the 1918 outbreak. Urgent appeals for drugs, mainly chloromycetin, have gone out from the worst-hit areas in Lancashire and extra supplies of coal have been sent there although there is a general shortage in the country. Furthermore, coal production, vitally needed now in face of the fuel crisis, is being slowed down because of the flu. Nineteen per cent of the miners in the northwest region were absent from work yesterday.

To add to the worries, measles has broken out on a wide scale in Liverpool and in the south. Twenty-five cases of smallpox are reported from Brighton. There have been seven deaths.

Epidemic in Paris

In Paris, the French Health Ministry yesterday described the 'flu outbreak there as an epidemic. It is less serious, they say, than the 1948 attack and most people who had 'flu then, should be immune.

In The Hague, Prince Bernhard and his eldest daughter are among sick-room victims of the 'flu.

American and Canadian immigration authorities are intensifying their checks of the health of arrivals from Europe in view of the outbreak.

Cables in Brief

ADMIRAL Robert Carney, C-in-C. of U.S. naval forces in the Eastern Atlantic and Mediterranean, arrived at Athens yesterday from Istanbul. Today he is to meet Greek government and military leaders.

VISAS for travel from London to the "German federal republic" are available now only from the German Consulate General as the Allied High Commissioners' permit office is closing down.

U.S. to Demand Soviet Lend-Lease Payment

WASHINGTON, Sunday (Reuter). — The U.S. will confront the Soviet Union tomorrow with a firm demand for settlement of its overdue lend-lease account, American officials said today. U.S. and Soviet negotiators will meet at the State Department tomorrow.

American officials said they would abandon polite diplomatic language and resort to blunt talk to obtain payment of the Soviet debt. If the Russians continued to "stall," the officials said, the U.S. would consider this three-fold action:

1. Demand return of much of the key industrial supplies shipped to the Soviet Union during the war;
2. Denounce the Soviet Union publicly for bad faith, and
3. Appeal to the international court to settle the case.

Moscow's Housing Advances To Make City 'Worthy of Stalin'

MOSCOW, Sunday (UP). — Alexander Vlasov, chief architect of Moscow municipality, reported in yesterday's "Izvestia", on the impressive growth of housing construction in the Soviet capital. He said that in 1940, 392,000 square metres of living space was constructed, the rate had risen to 405,000 in 1949 and 535,000 in 1950. He said the 1951 plans call for 700,000 square metres of housing space.

M. Vlasov claimed that the annual rate would eventually reach a million square metres, all in modern, multi-storied blocks with central heating, running water, gas and electricity. He revealed that the building industry has developed a new processs for the speedy construction of large buildings with prefabricated, standardized, steel-concrete parts, but allowing for individual architectural styles.

The present phase of Moscow's housing programme calls for the mass construction of blocks of flats of eight to 14 stories arranged in compounds along the city's river banks and on the principal avenues radiating like wheel-spokes from the Kremlin, as well as on two boulevards which form concentric rings.

When the plan is completed, M. Vlasov said, Moscow will be "the world's most beautiful city, worthy of the epoch of the great Stalin."

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NOTICE

The nineteenth drawing of the Company's debentures, first series, was held on January 11, 1951, for payment on July 1, 1951 (as per registered value).

The numbers drawn are the following:

40	220	690	962	1418
43	244	720	963	1429
70	368	773	981	1535
93	371	796	1051	1541
101	451	797	1181	1550
112	483	812	1187	1644
133	491	921	1254	1686
203	546	939	1273	1863
207	649	947	1298	1927
218	670	957	1304	1953

The Company is prepared to return the money to the holders of the above mentioned debentures before July 1, 1951, with payment of interest till the day of their presentation. Holders of redeemed debentures who want to make use of the Company's premature payment, may apply to the Company's Office, Yahalom House, 5 Shmuel Hanagid St., Jerusalem, between the hours 9 a.m.-12 noon, submitting their debentures and coupons including No. 29 onwards.

THE MANAGEMENT

January 11, 1951.

El Al Prepares for N.Y. Run: Hires Eight New Pilots

By Vic Perlstein

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — El Al took on eight new pilots last week in preparation for the opening of its New York run this spring, an official who has just returned from London told *The Post* today.

The pilots, all from Europe, were selected from among 40 applicants who were interviewed in London last week by Captain Richard Waring, Chief of El Al operations.

Four complete crews are taken on for each aircraft, according to El Al's personnel chief, Mr. Shimon Gafni. The aircraft fly about 250 hours per month, while the crew members work at top efficiency for a maximum of about 85 hours a month.

The Korean war has made it more difficult to obtain personnel, Mr. Gafni said. The airline's general policy is to employ Israelis for ground jobs and as secondary flight personnel.

A comprehensive training course for ground maintenance personnel is now getting under way. For each hour in the air, the Constellation requires 17 hours of ground maintenance. The Skymaster requires 12 hours.

Police Staff Give Immigrants A Helping Hand at Ma'abarot

By Henriette Boas

HARTUV, Sunday. — Policemen are to be seen here at all hours of the day and night doing all sorts of unpolicemanly duties. This morning we saw a reversal of the usual patrolman order of events, when a group of children were observed in hot pursuit of two constables. The men were putting the *ma'abara* children through their morning paces.

They were part of a small staff of constables, men and women, who moved into the *ma'abara* here about a month ago to help tide its 250 Yemenite settlers over the winter and to help them adapt themselves to their new way of life.

The police contingent will remain at the *ma'abara* for another month. On "duty" 24 hours a day, they inspect cleanliness, play and sing with the children, aid the Hadassah visiting nurse, administer first aid, teach sewing and cooking, and fulfil most of the duties taken over by Army personnel in other *ma'abarot*.

Miriam, one of the two policewomen at the *ma'abara*, was seen with a child on her arm, gently chiding an old woman for violating orders and getting out of bed. Miriam was released from a desk job at Tel Aviv Headquarters for two months. She intends asking for an extension.

Transport Aid

The police help in other ways. A police van transports supplies to the camp; during its four weeks at Hartuv, the vehicles had transported three expectant mothers to hospital in Jerusalem.

Police Headquarters collect shorts materials, toys, and discarded clothing from members of the Force. The clothing is sold at a nominal price — each garment for a half of one shekel. With this money they purchase additional articles such as children's clothing and sweets, for the *ma'abara's* Tu B'Shvat party.

The policemen perform no regular constabulary duties. In the case of disciplinary problems, the nearby Hartuv police station is contacted.

"Relations" between the officers and the inhabitants of the *ma'abara* are exemplary. Women and children (the men were all at work), displayed complete confidence in and great affection for the officers, among whom are Mr. Naphtali Gribov, former conductor of the Jerusalem Police Band, and Mr. Mattiahs Hauser, head of the operation.

It will no longer be permitted to send pharmaceuticals abroad as gifts without an export licence, the Ministry of Trade and Industry announced yesterday.

Personal Notices

The funeral of the late
Mr. ARPAD EISINGER
will leave 9 Aron David Gordon St., Tel Aviv at 11 a.m. on Monday, January 15, 1951.

My dear husband,
our beloved father, grandfather, brother and uncle
JACOB HORN
(formerly Cologne)
passed away today, Sunday, January 14, at the age of 76.
The funeral will take place at Kibbutz Hasorea on Monday, January 15, at 4 p.m.

ROSALIE HORN (nee KAHN)
GUSTAV & RUTH HORN
RUTH & HEINZ DURLACHER

Hasorea, January 14, 1951.

The Citrus Control and Marketing Boards regret to announce the death of
Mr. ARPAD EISINGER
and express their condolences to the bereaved family.

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Monday, January 15, 1951
Shevat 3, 5711. Rabia Tani 7, 1370

PAX ISRAEL

WHEN Israel was admitted to the United Nations in May, 1949, few could have expected that in little over a year she would have progressed from the Assembly's back-benches to the rostrum itself to present the resolution which 50 nations of the world hope will bring peace in Korea. In his speech of acceptance on May 11, 1949, Mr. Sharett reminded the family of nations that Israel were beginners in the art of statecraft but hoped "our ability to learn may be enhanced by the enhanced teaching and age-old aspirations of the Jewish people." Traditionally, Israel has sought peace, and her policy of non-identification with either of the two major blocs has proved itself of the greatest value at the present juncture. It was this independent status as much as anything that enabled Israel to present the resolution, for she is one of the few countries whose recommendations are not automatically rejected by either the East or the West. What has been achieved, as a result, is an offer of the maximum possible compromise with China: the reason why Britain, for instance, did not feel in a position to move the resolution herself. It is for China now to demonstrate whether its people seek peace or war, isolation or normal relations with the rest of the world. There is no doubt that a difficult decision faces Peking, despite the guarded indications by M. Malik that the U.S.S.R. would not be opposed to acceptance, but the situation is not without promise.

Without thinking too wishfully, one may be permitted a flicker of satisfaction that the Arab states, to which until now any Israel trade-mark has been anathema, gave their votes without a murmer for a policy acknowledged as Israel's although bearing the stamp of the British Commonwealth. It is a long way yet from Lake Success to Cairo, but if the members of the Arab League can reconcile themselves on the international scene to the idea of Israel as principal architect of peace between others, it is not too far-fetched to hope that at the next time of asking, they may take a less hostile view of Israel as a party to a general settlement in the Middle East.

If Peking, by acceptance, gives life to the Resolution, if, once the cease-fire is sounded, the clauses designed to bring about a lasting solution in the Far East are placed high on the agenda of the meeting of Premiers and Presidents in Moscow which the Commonwealth Conference has recommended, then there may stem from Korea a great inducement for peace sweeping away every local obstruction or hesitation.

Service for 35

A meeting in memory of the 35 Palmach members — eighteen of them Hebrew University students — who fell three years ago on their way to Kfar Etzion, was held at the Ratisbonne Auditorium last night.

The 35 were eulogised by Professor M. Schwabe, Rector of the Hebrew University, by representatives of the Hebrew University Students Organization, and of the Organization of ex-Palmach members, and by Mr. Hashem Masa, in the name of the parents.

SUBSTITUTE FOR CANAL ZONE MOOTED

M.E. Awaits British Defence Plan

By Jon Kimche

CONSIDERABLE confusion exists concerning British intentions in the Middle East. Turkey, Israel and Egypt have in recent weeks addressed point blank questions to the Foreign Office and also to the State Department, but have received no satisfactory reply. The Commonwealth Ministers addressed the same question to Mr. Attlee and the British Chiefs of Staff, who were called in for the occasion. What they were told is not known. It is known, however, that Australia, New Zealand, India and Pakistan were very disquietened about the outlook in the event of a major war, and even under the less threatening conditions of a continued cold war.

The Turkish and Israel envoys who have recently put this question to the Foreign Office came away from their interviews feeling that large tracts of the Middle East would be abandoned by the Western Powers in case of war within the next year or 18 months.

NATO Proposals

What is known is that the conception held hitherto by the British Staffs and shared by the Foreign Office has been completely overturned in recent weeks by three events. The first is the changing manpower calculation brought about by the turn of events in Korea and by the undertakings given at the Brussels meeting of NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Organization) to enlarge the forces held in Europe before all others.

At the same time, and this was crucial, it was agreed by NATO that the Middle East should not come in any way under General Eisenhower's command but should become the responsibility primarily of the British Commonwealth countries not represented on NATO.

The second conception that came unstuck was the central feature of all British Middle Eastern planning: the key role of Suez Canal Defence Zone. It has become clear to Mr. Bevin after his many talks with the Egyptian Foreign Minister that there was no likelihood of an agreement with Egypt so long as Britain insisted on retaining her base in Suez Canal Zone.

Mr. Bevin has simple solutions for this kind of deadlock. He turned round to his advisers and the Chiefs of Staff, and invited them to find an alternative arrangement for the Canal base. Britain wanted to retain the friendship of Egypt; in Mr. Bevin's view a base in Egypt was not much use coupled with active Egyptian hostility.

The Chiefs of Staff considered the problem during the visit to London of Sir Brian Robertson, the British C.-in-C. Middle East Land Forces, just before the New Year.

Senussi Alliance

Their view is now well known. They think that there is no substitute for the Canal Zone and all the military conveniences it can offer for a base. As a second best they suggested that bases could be enlarged and established in the Tobruk-Benghazi area of Cyrenaica, and in the Gaza-Akaba area in Southern Israel and Southern Jordan.

Then came the third shock. Britain had prepared for such a contingency by concluding a Treaty of Alliance last year with the Emir Idriss-el-Senussi, who is the ruler of Cyrenaica. Under this treaty Britain was enabled to maintain troops and bases in Cyrenaica on much the same basis as in the Jordan Kingdom.

Work had already been proceeding on the extension of these bases. Then came the shock. During his recent visit to London Mr. Pelt, the United Nations Commissioner for United Libya, informed the British Government that in the eyes of the United Nations Commission the British treaty with Cyrenaica was incompatible with the sovereignty conferred on United Libya—which includes Cyrenaica—by the United Nations.

Accordingly he asked the British Government to cancel the treaty. Shortly before the New Year Britain, with a heavy heart, tore up the treaty, and with it any legal justification for military bases in Cyrenaica once the Provisional Government of United Libya is formed in April.

The whole planning for the future defence of the Middle East was thus left in the air. Attempts were made to sound the Israel Government informally through the medium of two M.P.'s who have been visiting Israel this month on how it would react to British bases being established in the Southern part of the country.

This was essentially a Foreign Office scheme; the Chiefs of Staff did not believe in its practicability either on the military or the political level.

The two alternatives that have emerged are broadly these: forward defence, based on holding Turkey with its 20-30 good divisions, or defence in depth, based on a limited defence of the Suez Canal no matter what the Egyptians say and do, and reinforced particularly with a base in Baluchistan in Pakistan. This latter idea has been worked on for some time and has received considerable encouragement from a group of defence planners.

But before it can be put into operation, Pakistan's troubles with India over Kashmir, and with Afghanistan over the border area, have to be settled. Until then probably no final decision will be made on any of the various plans on what to do in the Middle East.

Readers' Letters

CHILDREN'S VILLAGE

To the Editor of The POST

Sir, — Kiryat Yearim—the Swiss Children's Village which you write about today — was created with means put at our disposal by the Swiss Youth Aliya Committee, presided over by Mr. E. Stiebel, and Youth Aliya counts on its friends in Switzerland for further support. Whilst the *Zuericher Stadtverwaltung* has donated the amount necessary for the building of one house, and the institution enjoys the active interest of non-Jewish circles, the Swiss Government has no responsibility for the project.

We have always placed maladjusted children in special institutions, but the urgent need for additional accommodation caused us to open still another home. The statement that until the opening of Kiryat Yaarim there was no place to send such children is not in accordance with the facts.

Yours, etc.,
EVA MICHAELIS
Department for Child and Youth Immigration, Jewish Agency
Jerusalem, Jan. 11.

WHY DUTY?

To the Editor of The POST

Sir, — My daughter was in need of a medicine which can only be bought in the USA. The doctors maintained that it was the only thing that could make her well. Relatives in the USA sent the medicine which cost IL.2,500 and I was charged 875 prutot duty.

When I inquired why I was charged duty on an essential medicine, I was told by the clerk in the customs department "apply to the Knesset."

Yours, etc.,
A. ZAMANSKY
Haifa, January 10.

SOLDIERS' PRIVILEGES

To the Editor of The POST

Sir, — Referring to your readers' letter, "Soldiers on Buses" it is obvious that the author has never been a member of the Israel Forces.

Has she any idea how much a few hours leave in Tel Aviv mean to a soldier stationed somewhere in the Negev? Does she know that a Tramp" often means hours of standing in the hot sun or pouring rain with outstretched hand and very often in vain? A civilian can more or less adjust his time while a soldier must obey orders and cannot use the excuse "I could not get a lift." Lateness may cost a soldier as much as two days' pay.

These are but a few reasons why soldiers are permitted to enter buses before civilians and I believe there are many citizens who understand this view.

Yours, etc.,
ZVI HOFMANN
(ex-soldier)
Haifa, January.

Empire's War Potential

By J. Halcro Ferguson

THE meeting of the Commonwealth Prime Ministers which closed in London last week drew attention to two basic facts. The first — often forgotten in comparing the relative strength of the Communist and non-Communist blocs — is that the nine nations who were represented at the Conference have a greater potential strength than the United States of America and far larger reserves of manpower: India, Pakistan, Ceylon, South Africa, Southern Rhodesia, Canada, Australia, New Zealand and the United Kingdom have between them a combined population of over 476,000,000.

The second fact, also sometimes forgotten, is that the Commonwealth's manpower and resources are not yet sufficiently co-ordinated: the great potential strength remains still to a great extent unrealized. Due to the experiences of two world wars, when all the countries whose representatives are now gathered in London came in within a matter of hours or days, it is not always understood that today such co-operation cannot be obtained merely by pressing a button.

India and Pakistan

The armies of Pakistan and India are still tied up in what amounts to a cold war with each other, and the economies of the two countries are still split. In addition to this, Shri Nehru has so far refused to commit India to any scheme of correlated defence. Pakistan and India, with their combined populations of 388,000,000, possess the two most effective armies in Asia, armies vital to Commonwealth defence, so the present situation is dangerous.

On paper, again, the value of South Africa looks impressive, with its mines, its growing industry, and its 11,000,000 people. But 9,000,000 of these people are classified by the Union Government as Non-Europeans, they are mostly debarred from any occupation except the simplest unskilled labour, thus depriving the country of the technicians it needs, and, of course, they are not permitted to serve in the forces. The Union's all-White Defence Force fought effectively in North Africa in World War Two, but it is of necessity small and is unlikely to be sent outside its own continent. In the last war South African bases were vital to the Royal Navy, but it is uncertain whether they would again be so available under a Nationalist Government.

Australia shows a much brighter outlook, with her new industries now geared to war production and her efficient and courageous Army, but she cannot pull her full potential weight with a population of only 8,000,000. However, the Australian Government is warmly encouraging immigration, not only from Britain but from all over Europe, and the "New Australians," as they are called, will have a vital effect on the country's strength, both military and industrial. Indeed, they are already having it, and Australia is beginning to look like the United States in the early days of the phenomenal expansion which turned her from a semi-colonial country to a world power in under a century.

Australia's nearest Commonwealth neighbour, New Zealand, is in a more vulnerable position, with her lack of industries and a total population of under two million. In the event of a war her fortunes would inevitaby follow those of Australia.

Strangest Partner

The strangest partner in the whole team is the Dominion of Canada. Like Australia, she suffers from underpopulation, but immigration is continuous, particularly to Ontario, and in other respects she has all the advantages. Her highly-efficient industry is closely linked with that of the United States, and can be quickly adapted to defence needs. In fact much of it is already so adapted.

Canada's great advantage over the United Kingdom is, of course, her geographical remoteness from the possible scenes of conflict, a factor which stood the Allies in good stead in the last war. Nevertheless, the United Kingdom remains the Commonwealth's chief industrial centre, as well as, with her 44,000,000 people, an important source of manpower. Certain U.S. commentators who write off Britain as a sort of glorified aircraft carrier forget the lesson of World War Two, at the beginning of which Britain bore the brunt not only militarily but industrially as well.

African Territories

Southern Rhodesia is a young and so far comparatively undeveloped country with a European population of only 82,000 and an African population of about a million and a half. The Government, however, is hopeful of increasing the numbers of the former and the technical capacity of the latter, and thus developing the country. Not only will this strengthen Southern Rhodesia herself, but it may set an example to other African territories within the Commonwealth whose efficient co-operation will be invaluable whether in war or peace.

From a purely military point of view the Commonwealth can rely on Britain, Australia, New Zealand and Canada to provide the men and equip them, and less certainly on India and Pakistan. Industrially Britain and Canada must be the centre of any co-ordinated scheme, but Australia and South Africa have an important contribution to make. India, Pakistan, Ceylon and indeed most of the Commonwealth can produce the raw materials needed for defence. On balance it is a heartening picture—or it will be heartening when the component parts of the jigsaw are fitted into their proper places, with no missing pieces.

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THE WEEK IN THE KNESSET

PARTY LINE FIRST

By Gerda Luft

THE rumblings of the international crisis could be heard as a continuous accompaniment to the deliberations of the Knesset last week. It could be heard during the discussion on the American loan and in the debate preceding the protest against the rearmament of Germany. But one might have wished that the awareness of the dangers at hand was even greater.

The rumblings of international catastrophe have not, until now, been able to drown the petty party squabbles which have dominated a major part of Knesset proceedings. It is sometimes surprising to what an extent party politics succeed in overshadowing everything else, even in the discussion of topics which appear to be very far from the interminable tug-of-war between government and opposition.

Familiar Views

By now everybody knows the views on this matter of the leading party personalities, and this makes not only for a certain boredom, but for lack of original thought. If everybody approaches the subject under discussion from the party point of view, there is not much hope that deliberations will get to the root of the matter or produce any new ideas.

The discussion on the 35-million-dollar-loan coupled with the bill which empowers the government to seek further loans amounting to 65 million dollars was, of course, intimately connected with foreign policy problems. In this respect the deliberations on the loan were a prelude to the discussion of foreign policy which is expected to take place now that the Foreign Minister has returned. The House was split on the issue along neat, party-lines, Mapam and Communists on one side and all the other parties on the opposite. It was significant that the Minister of Finance, winding up the debate, complained that much of the talk during the discussion had sounded to him like children arguing. "I want to buy wheat in order to lay in a stock for six months," Mr. Kaplan cried out, "and I have not got the money." This sentence gives the position in a nutshell. It is probably unprecedented that the representatives of the people, who are responsible for keeping the country supplied during a crisis, should attack the government because it is trying to find the necessary funds for this most urgent purchase, for political, not to say, doctrinary reasons.

One wonders whether Mapam would have voted against the loan as light-heartedly as they did had they not been sure of remaining in the minority.

The urgency of the position was illustrated by the appeal of the Minister of Finance not to leave the passing of the loan bill even for another week, and his demand that the bill should be backed by a large majority.

Question Time

The new system of question-time, which requires Ministers to answer in person questions put by members within the fortnight, works more or less satisfactorily. A member no longer has to wait for many months to obtain an answer to a question. The system is however not yet made proper use of, and often the answers fail fully to clear up the issue involved. This was felt, for instance, when the Communist member, Mr. Toubi, asked the Minister of Trade why Arabs in the villages got fewer points for shoes and clothing than the rest of the population. Mr. Geri's answer was short and to the point. He simply stated that rural Arabs have normally bought less of these commodities than the townspeople, and that the granting of the same number of points for them would be inequitable. When asked if here we had not a case of discrimination, the Minister asked that the question be submitted in writing.

So we can expect a sequel to this question and it should be awaited with interest. It may well be that the rural Arab can make do with the number of points he gets today. But it is doubtful whether Israel can afford such apparent discrimination on many grounds. It should not be forgotten that there are now tens of thousands of Jews in this country, who up to recently lived on a standard no higher than that of the Arab fellah. It must be asked whether the saving effected by issuing the Arabs with fewer points is worth it. The Communist member's question proves that such steps can and will be exploited and therefore do much harm.

KEEPING POSTED

SPEAKING at the Vocal Newspaper in Jerusalem on Friday evening, Dick Crossman said that while cabinet ministers had to be careful of what they said, it was one of the privileges of ordinary members of Parliament like himself to speak their mind.

He took advantage of this, and had been called "irresponsible" more than once.

He was glad to think that in this matter, at least, he had brought about agreement between Mr. Zalman Aranne, Chairman of the Knesset Political Committee, and Mr. Bevin, who had applied the same term to him on a number of occasions.

*

ISRAEL women have been suffering from a special Income Tax inferiority complex ever since the discussion in the Knesset about the income of married women, which is added to that of their husbands and is treated as additional income liable to high tax rates. Two Jerusalem housewives have begun to look into this matter. This is what they intend to do. One will take care of the four children of the two families, while the other will do the shopping and cooking, and they will pay each other the sum of IL.31 a month. They have told their husbands to include them as "working wives" in the income tax assessment form, claiming an additional IL.250 as "working women," plus an additional IL.125 for their two children, free of tax, thus saving about IL.90, which would otherwise have gone to the tax collector. Their husbands are said to be still baffled, especially as their astute womenfolk are claiming the money as their own honestly-earned income.

*

AN acquaintance who has reached the coveted age of 65 and is therefore entitled to a ration of "old age" chicken, told us that he was indignant to discover that his small bird had been liberally fed with grain just before it was sold. When the fully stuffed crop was taken out, it weighed more than 200 grammes. Not only had he been done out of 200 precious grammes of chicken, and given half-eaten grain in its place, but he had been required to pay for it at chicken rates. At first he had wanted to return the whole chicken, but then he had thought better of it—he gave the crop to a friend who keeps pigeons and gets no food for them. The pigeons, poor things, were so overwhelmed by this unusual treat that they wouldn't touch their ordinary food for days after.

*

"DO you remember," writes a correspondent, "the days when sweetshops were full of chocolate, and poor children could often be seen standing outside, their little noses glued to the window-panes? And how sometimes a kindhearted passerby would be touched by the sight, and go in and buy them something?" No such luck, he says, for the Israel investors, who can now often be seen studying the quotations for U.S. securities which are displayed by banks. He asked a banker why they still bothered to put the notices up, as Israelis are no longer permitted to own dollar shares. For an answer, the banker shrugged his shoulders and said, "For old times' sake, I suppose." It is really a case of pity the poor capitalist, for even if a passing American tourist was struck by the pathos of this new kind of window-shopping, and were to offer a few shares as a gift, the Israeli would have to yield them up to the Government immediately.

*

IT cannot be said that Israel's small fry have not learned from their elders. A nine-year-old boy who was about to go abroad with his parents for a year was approached by his teacher before he left with an invitation to a farewell party which his classmates wanted to arrange for him. "I don't want a farewell party," said the boy, who is not usually ungregarious. "Why not?" asked his teacher. "Well, all the boys will make speeches, and I shall have to reply to them."

*

A RECENT report in this column on Red Indian methods of getting quick replies out of government departments has drawn a further contribution to this science. A firm wishing to build a large hotel in Tel Aviv was submitting applications for import licences for a considerable number of materials needed for this project, each application be-

ing made out in seven copies, as required. The ordinary thin paper normally used for this purpose no longer being available, they used sheets cut from paper that had been impregnated for some unknown purpose, and gave off a penetrating and unpleasant odour. The permits were granted, confirmed, countersigned, signed and returned by the next day.

This week's contributors are Gideon Cohen, Ernst Linn and Paul Gumpel, all of Jerusalem, and Rudi Barter, Tel Aviv.

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WEEKLY SEMINARS

Haifa: Today, January 15, at 4.30 p.m. at the home of Mrs. S. Wertheim, Hatishbi 3 Street, Abraham House, Mt. Carmel.
Mrs. E. Agron, on
"Voluntary Organisations in the Upbuilding of Israel."

Tel Aviv: Tomorrow, January 16, at 4.30 p.m., at the Hadassah Club, 80 Hayarkon Street.
Mr. R. Rubin, on
"Art in Israel."

Jerusalem: Wednesday, January 17, at 4 p.m., at the home of Mrs. Rosenblum, 3 Uzielskiy Street.
Prof. F. Goitein, on
"The Yemenites."

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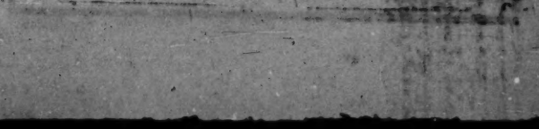
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